## This is A Few Forgotten Women Story



This story was written, in November 2024, as one of a series resulting from the 'A Few Forgotten Women Friday' collaborative research project, investigating the lives of women who were found residing or working in various homes for Fallen Women in the census returns.

## **Alice Taylor 's Story**

Alice Taylor was born in Flixton, Lancashire and baptised as Elizabeth Alice
Taylor on 7 September 1873<sup>1</sup> at Flixton Parish Church. Her parents were
William, a coachman and his wife, Eliza, and the family lived in Flixton, which
nowadays is a suburb of Greater Manchester, in the southwest of the city.

The 1881 England Census<sup>2</sup> showed that Alice had a younger brother, Thomas, who was born on 30 May 1878<sup>3</sup>. The family were living in New Street, Flixton and Alice's father, William, is now said to be a butcher.

Very sadly, William died early in 1888<sup>4</sup>, leaving a wife and two children aged 13 and 9 years old. This would have had a huge impact on the lives of all the family.

In the 1891 England Census<sup>5</sup>, 17-year-old Alice was an inmate of Staffordshire County Refuge for Fallen Women, Sandon Road, Stafford, which was also known as 'The Staffordshire County Industrial Home for Discharged Female Ex-Prisoners and Friendless Women'. As yet, we don't know why Alice was an inmate of this home, but we do know that it was founded in 1878 by the North and South Staffordshire Discharged Prisoners' Aid Societies, from public subscriptions, with the specific aim of providing for up to forty women who had been discharged from Stafford prison, so that they could remain within the county.

The inmates included women who had been released from prison on a licence that required them to serve the latter part of their sentence in the refuge, but not all the inmates were former convicts. The women were expected to stay for two years, and the intention was that they should be found employment in domestic service afterwards. Many of the women were trained in the Home's laundry, which also generated additional income for the institution; others worked as needlewomen. Any woman who remained in post for at least a year after leaving the home, working to the satisfaction of their employer, was given a set of clothes and one guinea.

As insufficient prisoners from Staffordshire were transferred to the home, others were admitted from further afield. In 1891, there were forty inmates, eight of whom had been born outside Staffordshire, with Alice being one of them.

By 1901, things seem to have improved as 27-year-old Alice was working as a domestic servant in the family home of William Hood-Rowan, a cotton broker and agent. William and his wife, Eleanor, were Canadian, but their three sons, aged 8, 7 and 2 at the time of the 1901 England Census<sup>6</sup>, were born in Lancashire. Alice was their only live-in servant, so I imagine she had a very busy job. The family lived at No 7 Lime Avenue, Flixton, Lancashire.

On 19 November 1904, Alice married William Snelson, a labourer who lived at Woodsend Road in Flixton<sup>7</sup>. They were married in St Michael's Church in the Parish of Flixton, and one of their witnesses was Alice's younger brother Thomas.

From the 1911 England Census<sup>8</sup> we can see that William and Alice have had two children – Thomas William, aged 7 and Mary Alice, aged 2 – and Alice's brother, Thomas was living with them. William was working as a labourer for Manchester Corporation and Thomas was a labourer at Oldham Railway Station. Later in 1911, another child was born and named Thomas William<sup>3</sup>, so the other little boy of the same name must have died.

In 1914 William and Alice had another daughter in 1914<sup>3</sup>, named Ethel Violet, followed by another daughter in 1915, whom they named Margaret<sup>3</sup>. Sadly baby Margaret lived only for four days<sup>4</sup>. On 9<sup>th</sup> October 1914 Alice's mother passed away<sup>4</sup>.

The 1921 England Census<sup>9</sup> shows that William and Alice, with daughters Mary Alice, aged 12 and Ethel Violet aged 7, were living at 3 Union Cottage, Woodsend

Rd, Flixton. William was still working for the Manchester Corporation, while Alice was performing home duties.

The 1939 Register<sup>10</sup> shows Alice still living at this address, but on her own. She was a widow; William passed away on 31 July 1928<sup>4</sup>. Her two daughters had moved on. Alice was working as a domestic help and cleaner.

Alice Taylor Snelson died on 3 Jun 1945<sup>4</sup>. She never moved far from her birthplace of Flixton, apart from her stay in Staffordshire County Refuge for Fallen Women, Sandon Road, Stafford, which may well have been related to her father's death when she was just thirteen years old.

Joy Smith

## Sources

<sup>1</sup>Manchester, England, Church of England Births and Baptisms, 1813-1915 on ancestry.co.uk

<sup>2</sup>1881 England Census on ancestry.co.uk

<sup>3</sup>England & Wales, Civil Registration Birth Index, 1837-1915 on ancestry.co.uk

<sup>4</sup>England & Wales, Civil Registration Death Index, 1837-1915 on ancestry.co.uk

<sup>5</sup>1891 England Census on ancestry.co.uk

<sup>6</sup>1901 England Census on ancestry.co.uk

<sup>7</sup>Manchester, England, Church of England Marriages and Banns, 1754-1930 on ancestry.co.uk

81911 England Census on ancestry.co.uk

<sup>9</sup>1921 England Census on ancestry.co.uk

<sup>10</sup>1939 England and Wales Register on ancestry.co.uk